Preliminary Amendment

Appln. No.: Based on PCT/JP03/07637

Q85048

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (original): An adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device,

which comprises a photo cationic polymerizable adhesive containing a photo cationic polymerizable compound and a photo cationic polymerization initiator and, initiating a curing reaction by light irradiation and proceeding the curing reaction by a dark reaction even after interrupting the light irradiation.

2. (original): The adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1,

wherein the photo cationic polymerizable compound is an aromatic epoxy resin.

3. (currently amended): The adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1 or 2,

wherein the photo cationic polymerization initiator is a salt containing boronic acid expressed by the following formula (1);

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c}
F \\
F \\
F
\end{array} \right\}^{-} \qquad (1)$$

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as a counter ion.

4. (currently amended): The adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, 2 or 3,

wherein the photo cationic polymerization initiator is a reaction product of a compound containing at least one hydroxyl group in a molecule and producing an acid by light irradiation and a compound containing two or more functional group being reactive with a hydroxyl group in a molecule.

5. (currently amended): The adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, 2 or 3,

wherein the photo cationic polymerization initiator is a reaction product of a compound containing two or more hydroxyl groups in a molecule and producing an acid by light irradiation and, carboxylic anhydride or dicarboxylic acid.

6. (currently amended): The adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, $\frac{2}{7}$, $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{4}{9}$

wherein the photo cationic polymerizable adhesive contains an aliphatic hydrocarbon having a hydroxyl group and/or a polyether compound.

7. (currently amended): The adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, $\frac{2}{7}$, $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{1}{7}$,

wherein the photo cationic polymerizable adhesive contains a filler.

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8. (currently amended): The adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, $\frac{2}{7}$, $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{4}{7}$, $\frac{5}{7}$, $\frac{6}{7}$ or $\frac{7}{7}$,

wherein the photo cationic polymerizable adhesive contains an alkaline filler being reactive with acid and/or an ionexchange resin adsorbing an acid.

9. (currently amended): The adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, $\frac{2}{7}$, $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{6}{7}$, $\frac{7}{9}$, or $\frac{8}{7}$,

wherein the photo cationic polymerizable adhesive contains a drying agent.

10. (currently amended): A method of sealing an organic electroluminescence device using the adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, $\frac{2}{7}$, $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{6}{7}$, $\frac{7}{8}$, $\frac{8}{9}$ or $\frac{9}{7}$,

wherein after irradiating light to said adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device, the device is sealed by filling the space between a sealing plate and a thin film structure with said adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device before said adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device is cured.

11. (currently amended): A method of sealing an organic electroluminescence device using the adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9,

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wherein after irradiating light to said adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device, the device is sealed by applying said adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device so as to seal the periphery of the thin film structure and bonding the sealing plate to the applied adhesive before said adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device is cured.

12. (currently amended): An adhesive tape for sealing an organic electroluminescence device,

which has a moisture-proof tape and an adhesive layer comprising the adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, $\frac{2}{7}$, $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{4}{7}$, $\frac{5}{7}$, $\frac{5}{7}$, formed on at least one side of said moisture-proof tape.

13. (original): The adhesive tape for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 12,

wherein the adhesive layer has the water vapor transmission rate, measure by a dish method based on JIS Z 0208 under the conditions of 60°C and 90% relative humidity (RH), of 30 g/($m^2 \cdot 24h$)/100 µm or less.

14. (currently amended): The adhesive tape for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 12 or 13,

which has a drying agent in sheet form in the adhesive layer.

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15. (currently amended): A method of sealing an organic electroluminescence device using the adhesive tape for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 12, 13 or 14,

wherein after irradiating light to the adhesive layer of said adhesive tape for sealing an organic electroluminescence device, the device is sealed by bonding the adhesive tape onto the thin film structure before the adhesive layer is cured.

16. (currently amended): A double-faced adhesive tape for sealing an organic electroluminescence device,

which has an adhesive layer comprising the adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 and separators formed on both sides of said adhesive layer.

17. (original): The double-faced adhesive tape for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 16,

wherein the adhesive layer has the water vapor transmission rate, measure by a dish method based on JIS Z 0208 under the conditions of 60°C and 90% relative humidity (RH), of 30 g/($m^2 \cdot 24h$)/100 μm or less.

18. (currently amended): A method of sealing an organic electroluminescence device using the double-faced adhesive tape for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 16 or 17,

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wherein after peeling off one separator of said double-faced adhesive tape for sealing an organic electroluminescence device and irradiating light to the adhesive layer on the side on which said separator has been peeled off, the device is sealed by bonding said double-faced adhesive tape for sealing an organic electroluminescence device so as to seal the periphery of the thin film structure and peeling off the other separator of said double-faced adhesive tape for sealing an organic electroluminescence device and further coating said adhesive layer with a sealing plate before said adhesive layer is cured.

19. (original): An organic electroluminescence device, which is sealed by using the adhesive for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9, the adhesive tape for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 12, 13 or 14, or the double-faced adhesive tape for sealing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 16 or 17.